



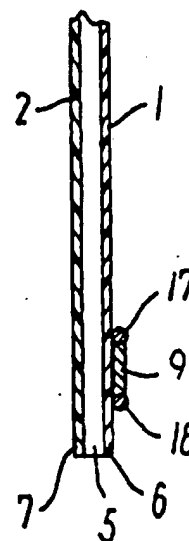
## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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<b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/DK95/00514 <b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 21 December 1995 (21.12.95) <b>(30) Priority Data:</b> 1467/94 22 December 1994 (22.12.94) DK <b>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):</b> COLOPLAST A/S [DK/DK]; Bronzevej 2-8, DK-3060 Espergærde (DK). <b>(72) Inventor; and</b> <b>(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only):</b> OLSEN, Hans [DK/DK]; Usserød Kongevej 85B, DK-2970 Hørsholm (DK). <b>(74) Agents:</b> RAFFNSØE, Knud, Rosenstand et al.; International Patent-Bureau, Høje Taastrup Boulevard 23, DK-2630 Taastруп (DK).		<b>(81) Designated States:</b> AL, AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG), ARIPO patent (KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG).  <b>Published</b> <i>With international search report.</i> <i>Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>

**(54) Title:** A COLLECTING BAG FOR HUMAN BODY WASTES, PARTICULARLY A STOMA BAG, AND A CLOSURE CLIP FOR CLOSING A BAG

**(57) Abstract**

A collecting bag for human body wastes, particularly a stoma bag, with a bag member formed by two oblong plastic film blanks (1, 2) with joined edges, of which one blank (1) is designed with an inlet opening (3) for connection to a body orifice, particularly a stoma. Between the edge sections (6, 7) of said joined film blanks (1, 2) a narrowed outlet opening (5) is formed, which can be closed by means of a closure clip (8) with a central part (9) attached to one film blank (1) and projecting end sections (10, 11). At least the central part (9) of the closure clip (8) has along at least one of its longitudinal side edges a relatively soft, resilient edge zone (17, 18).



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A collecting bag for human body wastes, particularly a stoma bag, and a closure clip for closing a bag.

The present invention relates to a collecting bag for human body wastes comprising a bag member formed by two oblong plastic film blanks with joined edges, of which one blank is designed with an inlet opening for connection to a body orifice, particularly a stoma, on which blank between its edge sections facing away from said port a narrowed outlet opening is formed which can be closed by means of a closure clip with a central part attached to one film blank and with projecting end sections, which are designed integrally with the central part via folding sections.

From US patents Nos. 4,403,991 and 4,465,486, stoma bags of the type described above are known, with which fairly easy emptying and reclosing procedures of a stoma bag are achieved with a view to its reuse, which is particularly advantageous for ileostomy patients and colostomy patients with uncontrolled release of faeces of a more or less fluid consistency. Closure of the bag during use is achieved by folding the narrowed outlet end of the bag, near the opening of which the closure clip is attached, preferably on the outward-facing side, a couple of turns round the closure clip, after which the ends of the closure clip are folded round the folded outlet section.

Especially when the bag is filled almost to capacity, in which case the film material of the bag walls is subject to a considerable load, these known bags will entail a risk of a less than satisfactory sealing of the closure, for instance as a result of crease formation in the outlet section including the part rolled round the closure clip. If the bag is reused, this risk may increase as a result of the

presence of faecal particles in the outlet opening.

Thus, the known bags entail a rather considerable risk of contamination and odour nuisances.

According to the invention, these inconveniences  
5 can be avoided by providing the closure clip at least along one of said longitudinal side edges with a relatively soft, resilient edge zone.

The design of the closure clip with such a soft, resilient edge zone along one or, preferably, both the  
10 longitudinal side edges means that the clip achieves a springy effect in said edge zones, providing a self-locking effect, while at the same time keeping the film material in the outlet section tight so that crease formation is essentially avoided, by which an improved  
15 sealing is achieved.

This springy effect is also an important advantage in connection with reuse of the bags, as it leads to compression of the film material in the outlet section round any remaining faecal particles.

20 In a preferred embodiment of the collecting bag according to the invention, the closure clip can also be provided with a relatively soft, resilient edge zone round said folding sections. This provides an improved comfort over the known designs described above, as the  
25 folding edges of the closure clip projecting from the bag outlet section will feel relatively soft and thus considerably less uncomfortable during use of the bag.

According to a further development the risk of contamination of the closure clip itself with faecal  
30 particles in connection with emptying the bag can be further reduced by attaching the closure clip removably to said one film blank at a distance from the mouth of the outlet opening, and by attaching removably to said one film blank, between the closure clip and the  
35 opening, a thin bar for rolling up the narrowed part of

the bag outlet section. The narrowed outlet section is thus folded up round the thin band, by which procedure the folded-up part is completely surrounded by the closure clip, when the latter is subsequently closed.

5 The invention also relates to a closure clip for closing a bag by fastening it round its walls near an opening in the bag, which closure clip is designed with a central part and with end sections projecting from it which are designed integrally with the central part via  
10 folding sections.

The closure clip is characterized in that at least the central part along at least one of its longitudinal side edges has a relatively soft, resilient edge zone.

By designing the closure clip with such a soft and  
15 resilient edge zone along one or preferably both longitudinal side edges, the clip achieves a springy effect in said zones, which also applies to other forms of bags than stoma bags, eg, bags intended for relatively heavy and partially fluid contents, so that  
20 the a self-locking effect is achieved while at the same time the bag material is kept tight, thereby essentially preventing crease formation and resulting in an improved sealing effect.

In the following the invention will be explained  
25 in further detail with reference to the schematic drawing, in which

Fig. 1 shows an embodiment of a collecting bag according to the invention made like a stoma bag;

Fig. 2 shows a section of the bag outlet section  
30 perpendicular to the closure clip along the line II-II in Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 shows a partially longitudinal section of the closure clip when closed;

Figs. 4 and 5 show another embodiment of the  
35 collecting bag, shown with the outlet section open and

closed, respectively; and

Fig. 6 shows a cross-section of the closure clip in the embodiment shown in Figs. 4 and 5.

Fig. 1 shows an embodiment of a collecting bag 5 according to the invention designed as a stoma bag of a conventional design per se, with a bag member which, as shown in Fig. 2, is formed by two largely oblong plastic film blanks 1 and 2 with joined edges. In one film blank 1, forming the back side of the bag, an inlet 10 opening 3 is formed, surrounded by a per se conventional adhesive plate 4 for fixing the bag on to the user's skin round the stoma.

At a distance from the inlet opening 3, the bag is designed with a narrowed outlet section with an outlet 15 opening 5 formed between the end edge sections 6 and 7 of the film blanks 1 and 2. For closing the bag and on the outside of the back side film 1 facing towards the user near the outlet opening, a strip-shaped closure clip 8 is glued, comprising a central part 9 connected 20 by adhesion with the bag film 1 and end sections 10 and 11, formed integrally with the central part 9 via folding sections 12 and 13. The end sections 10 and 11 are designed in a manner known per se with cooperating locking elements, eg, in the shape of a hole 14 and a 25 peg 15.

To close the bag, the edge zone 16 situated outside the central part of the closure clip at the outlet opening 5 is folded round the closure clip 8, and the latter is folded upwards a couple of turns, after which 30 the end sections 10 and 11 are folded across the folded-up outlet section of the bag, preferably on the front side facing away from the user, and the closure clip is locked by means of the locking elements 14 and 15.

To improve the sealing of the closing mechanism, 35 the central part of the closure clip 8 in the embodiment

shown is designed with rather soft and resilient edge zones 17 and 18 along its longitudinal side edges, as shown in Fig. 2. The closure clip can be made by injection moulding of relatively hard plastic material, eg, polyethylene, whereas the soft, resilient edge zones 17 and 18 can be added by subsequently applying a moulded layer of a resilient polyurethane integral cellular plastic.

It is not absolutely necessary that both longitudinal edges of the central part of the closure clip 9 have a resilient edge zone, giving the clip a springy effect so that a self-locking effect is achieved. Thus it has turned out that an improved sealing can be achieved by applying the resilient integral cellular plastic 17 only on the longitudinal edge of the central part 9 facing away from the outlet opening 5.

In the embodiment shown the closure clip 8 is also designed with soft, resilient edge zones 19 round the folding sections 12 and 13, so that these edge sections of the closure clip, projecting when the bag is closed, will feel relatively soft and thus less uncomfortable.

Figs. 4-6 show another embodiment, according to which the bag itself can be made in the same way as explained above, whereas, in its entirety, the closure clip 21 consists of a moulded two-component element with a core body 22 of semi-rigid plastic material, eg, nylon, surrounded by an outer layer 23 of resilient integral foam plastic, the core body, however, being extended to one side of the closure clip where it forms the locking elements 24 and 25.

The closure clip 21 is also situated at a larger distance from the outlet opening 5 than in the embodiment shown in Figs. 1 and 2, whereas for rolling up the outlet section of the bag a thin bar 26 of a

relatively hard plastic material like nylon is glued on to at least one film wall of the bag. When rolling up the outlet section of the bag by means of this band, the rolled-up section can, when the bag is closed, be placed  
5 so that it is completely surrounded by the closure clip 21 as shown in Fig. 5, providing a further improved sealing as a result of the springy effect of the closure clip.

In both embodiments the closure clip 8 or 21,  
10 respectively, can be glued on to the back side film 1 of the bag by means of an adhesive conventional per se, preferably of a kind that allows removing and replacing of the closure clip in a non-destructive manner.

Although the invention has been described above  
15 only with reference to stoma bags, it is in principle possible to apply it to other forms of collecting bags whether intended for human wastes, such as urinal bags or drainage bags for use in connection with surgery, or for other purposes involving collection of a relatively  
20 heavy body fluid content in the bag.



## P A T E N T   C L A I M S

1. A collecting bag for human body wastes comprising a bag member formed by two oblong plastic film blanks (1, 2) with joined edges, one of which (1) is designed with an inlet opening (3) surrounded by connecting elements (4) for connection to a body orifice, especially a stoma, and in which bag member between its edge sections (6,7) facing away from said opening a narrowed outlet opening (5) is formed, which can be closed by means of a closure clip (8) with a central part (9) attached to one film blank (1) and with projecting end sections (10,11), which are designed integrally with the central part (9) via folding sections (12,13) characterized in that at least the central part (9) of the closure clip (8) along at least one longitudinal side edge has a relatively soft, resilient edge zone (17,18).

2. A collecting bag according to claim 1, characterized in that the closure clip (8) is further provided with a relatively soft, resilient edge zone (19) round said folding sections (12,13).

3. A collecting bag according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the closure clip (8) is made of a relatively hard plastic core, which in said edge zones is coated with an outer layer (17,18) of a resilient integral foam plastic.

4. A collecting bag according to claim 3, characterized in that the closure clip (21) in its entirety comprises a moulded two-component element with a core body (22) of a semi-rigid plastic material surrounded by a layer (25) of resilient integral foam plastic.

5. A collecting bag according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that

the central part (9) of the closure clip (8) is removably attached to said one film blank.

6. A collecting bag according to claim 5, characterized in that the end sections (10,11) of the closure clip (8) are designed with mutually cooperating locking elements (14,15).

7. A collecting bag according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that the closure clip (21) is removably attached to said one film blank (1) at a distance from the mouth of the outlet opening (5), and that on to said one film blank (1) between the closure clip (21) and the opening (5) a thin bar (26) is removably attached for rolling up the narrowed outlet section of the bag.

8. A closure clip for closing a bag by squeezing around the walls of the latter near an opening in the bag, which closure clip (8) is designed with a central part (9) with end sections (10,11) projecting from it, which via folding sections (12,13) are formed integrally with the central part (9) characterized in that at least the central part (9) along at least one longitudinal side edge has a relatively soft, resilient edge zone (17,18).

9. A closure clip according to claim 8, characterized in that it (8) includes a relatively soft, resilient edge zone (19) round said folding sections (12,13).

10. A closure clip according to claim 8 or 9, characterized in that it (8) is formed by a relatively hard plastic core, which in said edge zones is coated with an outer layer (17,18) of a resilient integral foam plastic.

11. A closure clip according to claim 10, characterized in that in its entirety it (21) consists in a moulded two-component element with

a core body (22) of a semi-rigid plastic material surrounded by a layer (25) of resilient integral foam plastic.

12. A closure clip according to any one of the  
5 claims 8 to 11, characterized in that the central part (9) is designed for removable attachment to a bag wall.

13. A closure clip according to claim 12,  
characterized in that its (8) end sections  
10 (10,11) are designed with mutually cooperating locking elements (14,15).

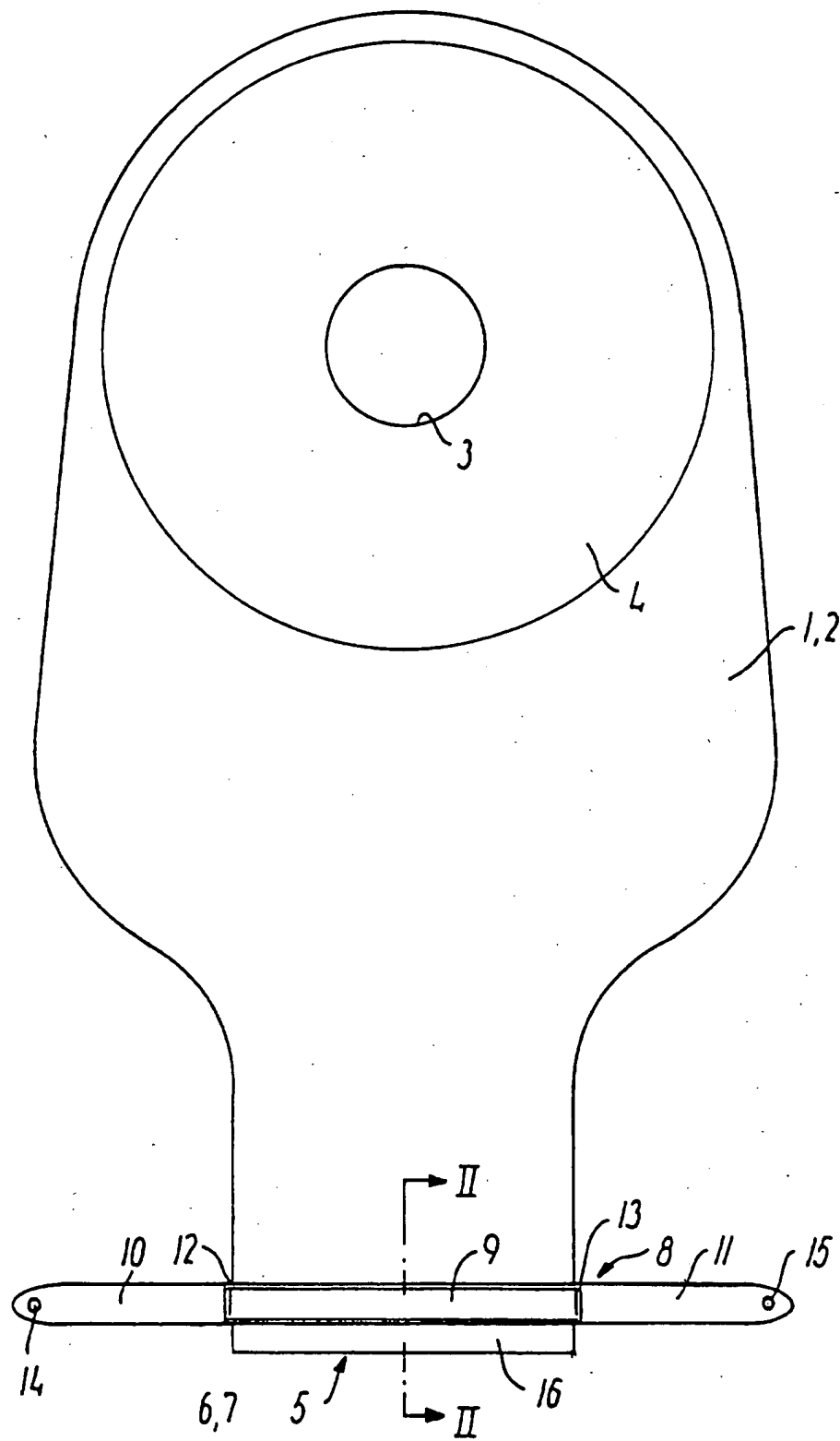


FIG. 1

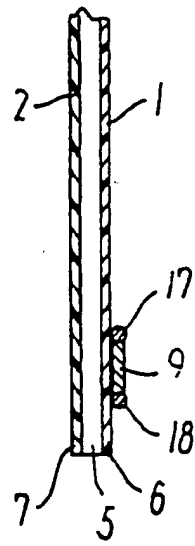


FIG. 2



FIG. 3

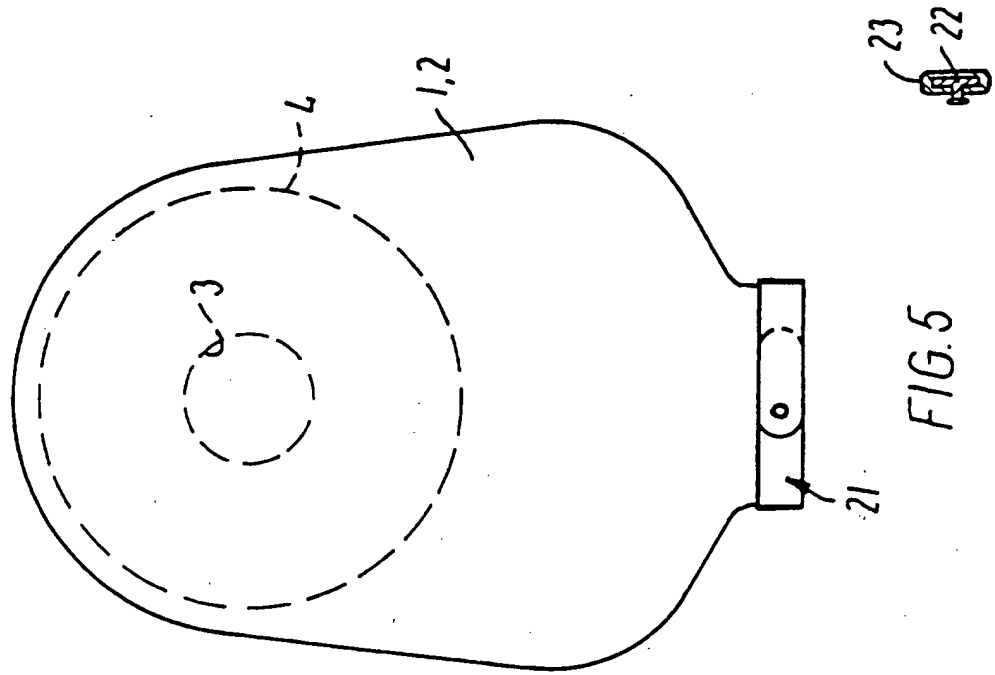


FIG. 5

FIG. 6

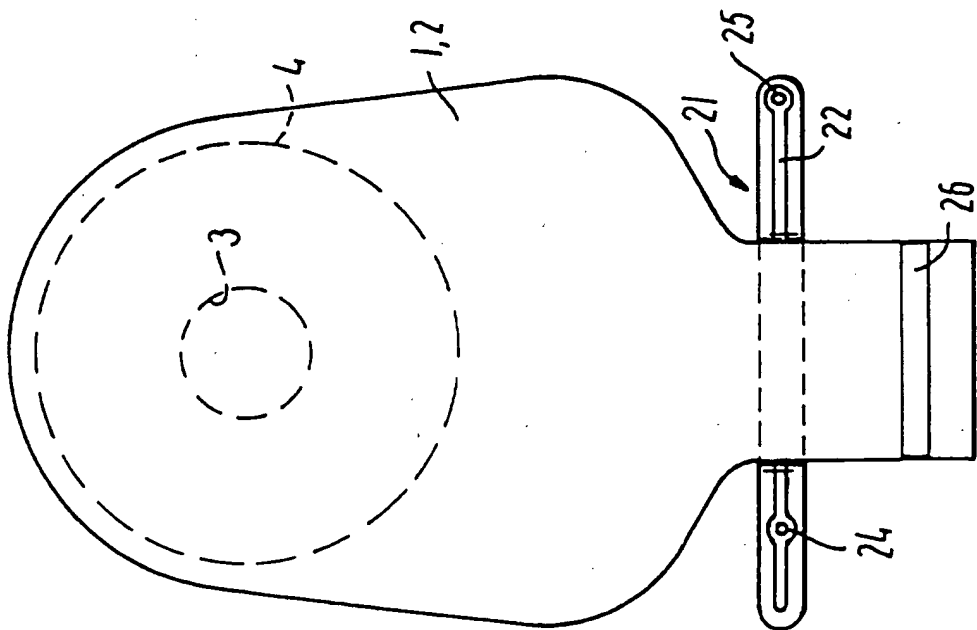


FIG. 4

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/DK 95/00514

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC6: A61F 5/44, B65D 33/16

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

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Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC6: A61F, B65D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

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Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

QUESTEL

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 4988343 A (AKEEL BALLAN), 29 January 1991 (29.01.91), column 3, line 39 - column 4, line 12, figures 1-4 --	1-4,8-11
A	CH 633704 A5 (KINGSDOWN MEDICAL CONSULTANTS LIMITED), 31 December 1982 (31.12.82), figure 4 --	1,6,8,13
A	US 4403991 A (JOHN A. HILL), 13 Sept 1983 (13.09.83), figures 3-4 --	1,6,8,13
A	US 4460359 A (LEONARD FENTON), 17 July 1984 (17.07.84), figures 1-10, abstract --	1,5-8,12-13

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.☒ See patent family annex.

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

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C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 4834730 A (HENRI HOLTERMANN ET AL.), 30 May 1989 (30.05.89), figures 1-6, abstract  -----	1-2,6,8-9,13



**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

Information on patent family members

01/04/96

International application No.

PCT/DK 95/00514

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US-A- 4988343	29/01/91	NONE	
CH-A5- 633704	31/12/82	BE-A, A- 876650 FR-A, B- 2435942 GB-A- 1595712 NL-A- 7903590	30/11/79 11/04/80 19/08/81 04/12/79
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US-A- 4460359	17/07/84	NONE	
US-A- 4834730	30/05/89	DE-A- 3865449 EP-A, A, B 0278816 FR-A, B- 2610192	21/11/91 17/08/88 05/08/88